Resene Paints Ltd Version No: 1.2

Safety Data Sheet according to HSNO Regulations

Issue Date: 02/05/2018 Print Date: 02/05/2018 L.GHS.NZL.EN

SECTION 1 IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE / MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY / UNDERTAKING

Product Identifier

Product name RESENE HERMAN PACIFIC WOODX	
Synonyms	Not Available
Other means of identification	Not Available

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses 10074

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Registered company name	Resene Paints Ltd	
Address	32-50 Vogel Street 5011 Naenae Wellington New Zealand	
Telephone	+64 4 577 0500	
Fax	+64 4 5773327	
Website	www.resene.co.nz	
Email	advice@resene.co.nz	

Emergency telephone number

Association / Organisation	NZ POISONS (24hr 7 days)
Emergency telephone numbers	0800 764766
Other emergency telephone numbers	Not Available

CHEMWATCH EMERGENCY RESPONSE

Primary Number	Alternative Number 1	Alternative Number 2
+800 2436 2255	+800 2436 2255	+612 9186 1132

Once connected and if the message is not in your prefered language then please dial 01

SECTION 2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification [1] Flammable Liquid Category 4, Acute Toxicity (Oral) Category 5, Skin Corrosion/Irritation Category 3, Skin Sensitizer Category 7 Category 2, Acute Aquatic Hazard Category 3, Chronic Aquatic Hazard Category 3	
Legend:	1. Classified by Chemwatch; 2. Classification drawn from CCID EPA NZ; 3. Classification drawn from EC Directive 1272/2008 - Annex VI
Determined by Chemwatch using GHS/HSNO criteria	6.5B (contact), 9.1C, 6.3B, 3.1D, 6.1E (oral), 9.1D, 6.8B

Label elements

Hazard pictogram(s)	
SIGNAL WORD WARNING	

Hazard statement(s)

H227	Combustible liquid.
H303	May be harmful if swallowed.
H316	Causes mild skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H361	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

P201	Obtain special instructions before use.	
Precautionary statement(s) Re	esponse	
P308+P313	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.	
Precautionary statement(s) St	orage	
P403+P235	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.	
Precautionary statement(s) Disposal		
P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulations.	
SECTION 3 COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS		

Substances

See section below for composition of Mixtures

Ingredients are required by the Hazard Substances (Safety Data Sheets) Notice 2017 to be identified:

Mixtures

CAS No	%[weight]	Name
55406-53-6	0.1-1	3-iodo-2-propynyl butyl carbamate
111-77-3	0.1-1	diethylene glycol monomethyl ether
64742-82-1.	10-30	naphtha, petroleum, hydrodesulfurised heavy

SECTION 4 FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

Eye Contact	If this product comes in contact with the eyes: Wash out immediately with fresh running water. Ensure complete irrigation of the eye by keeping eyelids apart and away from eye and moving the eyelids by occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids. Seek medical attention if pain persists or recurs. Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel.
Skin Contact	If skin contact occurs: Remove all contaminated clothing, including footwear. Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available). Seek medical attention in event of irritation.
Inhalation	 If fumes, aerosols or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area. Other measures are usually unnecessary.
Ingestion	 If swallowed do NOT induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, lean patient forward or place on left side (head-down position, if possible) to maintain open airway and prevent aspiration. Observe the patient carefully. Never give liquid to a person showing signs of being sleepy or with reduced awareness; i.e. becoming unconscious. Give water to rinse out mouth, then provide liquid slowly and as much as casualty can comfortably drink. Seek medical advice.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5 FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing media

▸ Foam.

Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture

 Fire Incompatibility

 Avoid contamination with oxidising agents i.e. nitrates, oxidising acids, chlorine bleaches, pool chlorine etc. as ignition may result

 Advice for firefighters

 Fire Fighting

 Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard.
 Combustible.
 Combustibl

Fire/Explosion Hazard	Combustible. Combustion products include: carbon dioxide (CO2) other pyrolysis products typical of burning organic material. May emit poisonous fumes. May emit corrosive fumes.

SECTION 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

See section 8

Environmental precautions

See section 12

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Minor Spills	Remove all ignition sources. Contain spill with inert non- combustible absorbent then place in suitable container for disposal. Clean area with large quantity of water to complete clean- up.
Major Spills	Moderate hazard. Remove all ignition sources. Clear area of personnel and move upwind. Wear appropriate personnel protective equipment and clothing to prevent exposure. Avoid breathing in mists or vapours and skin or eyes contact. Extinguish or remove all sources of ignition and stop leak if safe to do so. Increase ventilation. Evacuate all unprotected personnel. If possible contain the spill. Place inert absorbent, non- combustible material onto spillage. Use clean non- sparking tools to collect the material and place into suitable labelled containers for subsequent recycling or disposal. Dispose of waste according to the applicable local and national regulations. If contamination of sewers or waterways occurs inform the local water and waste management authority.

Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the SDS.

SECTION 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Safe handling	 Electrostatic discharge may be generated during pumping - this may result in fire. Avoid all personal contact, including inhalation. DO NOT allow clothing wet with material to stay in contact with skin 			
Other information	 Store in original containers. 			

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Suitable container	Packaging as recommended by manufacturer.
Storage incompatibility	Avoid reaction with oxidising agents

SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS (OEL)

INGREDIENT DATA

Source	Ingredient	Material name	TWA	STEL	Peak	Notes
New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards (WES)	naphtha, petroleum, hydrodesulfurised heavy	White spirits (Stoddard solvent)	525 mg/m3 / 100 ppm	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards (WES)	naphtha, petroleum, hydrodesulfurised heavy	Rubber solvent (Naphtha)	1600 mg/m3 / 400 ppm	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available

EMERGENCY LIMITS

Ingredient	Material name	TEEL-1	TEEL-2	TEEL-3
3-iodo-2-propynyl butyl carbamate	Butyl-3-iodo-2-propynylcarbamate	3.3 mg/m3	36 mg/m3	220 mg/m3
diethylene glycol monomethyl ether	Methoxyethoxy)ethanol, 2-(2-; (Diethylene glycol monomethyl ether)	3.4 ppm	37 ppm	220 ppr
naphtha, petroleum, hydrodesulfurised heavy	Naphtha, hydrotreated heavy; (Isopar L-rev 2)	350 mg/m3	1,800 mg/m3	40,000 mg/m3
naphtha, petroleum, hydrodesulfurised heavy	Spirits 1644 / 5-85-01, Spirito, VIVI&P papping 18032-32-41, Lidroine, and paint spivent, petroleum paratting (5-0.20		1,800 mg/m3	40,000 mg/m3
naphtha, petroleum, hydrodesulfurised heavy	Naphtha (coal tar); includes solvent naphtha, petroleum (64742-88-7), naphtha (petroleum) light aliphatic, rubber solvent (64742-89-8), heaevy catalytic cracked (64741-54-4), light straight run (64741-46-4), heavy aliphatic solvent (64742-96-7), high flash aromatic and aromatic solvent naphtha (64742-95-6)		6,700 mg/m3	40,000 mg/m3
naphtha, petroleum, hydrodesulfurised heavy	Stoddard solvent; (Mineral spirits, 85% nonane and 15% trimethyl benzene)		1,800 mg/m3	29500 mg/m3
Ingredient	Original IDLH	Revised ID	LH	
3-iodo-2-propynyl butyl carbamate	Not Available	Not Available		
diethylene glycol monomethyl ether	Not Available	Not Available		
naphtha, petroleum, hydrodesulfurised heavy	20000 mg/m3 / 1,100 [LEL] ppm / 1,000 [LEL] ppm	Not Available		

Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering	Engineering controls are used to remove a hazard or place a barrier between the worker and the hazard.
controls	

Personal protection	
Eye and face protection	► Safety glasses with side shields.
Skin protection	See Hand protection below
Hands/feet protection	▶ Wear chemical protective gloves, e.g. PVC.
Body protection	See Other protection below
Other protection	► Overalls.

Respiratory protection

Respiratory protection required in insufficiently ventilated working areas and during spraying. An approved respirator with a replaceable vapour/ mist filter should be used. Refer to relevant regulations for further information concerning respiratory protective requirements. Reference should be made to AS/NZS 1715 Standard, Selection, Use and Maintenance of Respiratory Protective Devices; and AS/NZS 1716 Standard, Respiratory Protective Devices, in order to make any necessary changes for individual circumstances.

SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Clear amber oil like liquid		
Physical state	Liquid	Relative density (Water = 1)	0.9
Odour	Not Available	Partition coefficient n-octanol / water	Not Available
Odour threshold	Not Available	Auto-ignition temperature (°C)	Not Available
pH (as supplied)	Not Available	Decomposition temperature	Not Available
Melting point / freezing point (°C)	Not Available	Viscosity (cSt)	Not Available
Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C)	>160	Molecular weight (g/mol)	Not Available
Flash point (°C)	70-75	Taste	Not Available
Evaporation rate	Not Available	Explosive properties	Not Available
Flammability	Combustible	Oxidising properties	Not Available
Upper Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m)	Not Available
Lower Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Volatile Component (%vol)	15
Vapour pressure (kPa)	Not Available	Gas group	Not Available
Solubility in water (g/L)	Immiscible	pH as a solution (1%)	Not Available
Vapour density (Air = 1)	Not Available	VOC g/L	67

SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	See section 7
Chemical stability	► stable
Possibility of hazardous reactions	See section 7
Conditions to avoid	See section 7
Incompatible materials	See section 7
Hazardous decomposition products	See section 5

SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on toxicological effects

Inhaled	The material is not thought to produce either adverse health effects or irritation of the respiratory tract following inhalation (as classified by EC Directives using animal models).
Ingestion	Accidental ingestion of the material may be damaging to the health of the individual.
Skin Contact	Skin contact is not thought to have harmful health effects (as classified under EC Directives); the material may still produce health damage following entry through wounds, lesions or abrasions. Repeated exposure may cause skin cracking, flaking or drying following normal handling and use. Open cuts, abraded or irritated skin should not be exposed to this material Entry into the blood-stream through, for example, cuts, abrasions, puncture wounds or lesions, may produce systemic injury with harmful effects.
Eye	Limited evidence exists, or practical experience suggests, that the material may cause eye irritation in a substantial number of individuals and/or is expected to produce significant ocular lesions which are present twenty-four hours or more after instillation into the eye(s) of experimental animals.

Chronic	Exposure to the material may cause concerns for human fertility, strong suspicion of impaired fertility in the absence of toxic effect: effects, but which are not a secondary non-specific consequence Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause drying with crack	s, or evidence of impaired fertility of other toxic effects.	occurring at arou	
	ΤΟΧΙΟΙΤΥ	IRRITATION		
RESENE HERMAN PACIFIC WOODX	Not Available	Not Available		
	TOXICITY dermal (rat) LD50: >2000 mg/kg ^[2]		IRRITATI Eye: Irrita	
3-iodo-2-propynyl butyl carbamate	Inhalation (rat) LC50: 0.680 mg/l/4h*g ^[2]		Skin: Slig	ht irritant
	Oral (rat) LD50: 1056 mg/kg ^[2]		entre entre	
diethylene glycol monomethyl ether	TOXICITY IRRITATION Dermal (rabbit) LD50: 20000 mg/kg ^[2] Eye (rabbit): 500 mg moderate Oral (rat) LD50: 4040 mg/kg ^[2] Eye (rabbit): 500 mg/24h mild			
	TOXICITY			IRRITATION
				Not Available
	Dermal (rabbit) LD50: >1900 mg/kg ^[1]			
	Dermal (rabbit) LD50: >1900 mg/kg ^[1]			
	Dermal (rabbit) LD50: >1900 mg/kg ^[1]			
	dermal (rat) LD50: 28000 mg/kg ^[2]			
naphtha, petroleum,	Inhalation (rat) LC50: >2796.8052 mg//8H ^[2]			
hydrodesulfurised heavy	Inhalation (rat) LC50: 3396.1206 mg//4H ^[2]			
	Inhalation (rat) LC50: 61 mg/l/4H ^[2]			
	Oral (rat) LD50: >4300 mg/kg ^[2]			
	Oral (rat) LD50: >4500 mg/kg ^[1]			
	Oral (rat) LD50: >4500 mg/kg ^[1]			
	Oral (rat) LD50: >4500 mg/kg ^[1]			
	Oral (rat) LD50: >4500 mg/kg ^[1]			
	Oral (rat) LD50: >5000 mg/kg ^[1]			
Legend:	1. Value obtained from Europe ECHA Registered Substances - A data extracted from RTECS - Register of Toxic Effect of chemica		from manufacture	r's SDS. Unless otherwise specified
3-IODO-2-PROPYNYL BUTYL CARBAMATE	for 3-iodo-2-propynyl butyl carbamate (IPBC): Acute toxicity: Acceptable acute toxicity studies with IPBC indic	ate low toxicity except eye irritati	on.	
NAPHTHA, PETROLEUM, HYDRODESULFURISED HEAVY	No significant acute toxicological data identified in literature sea Studies indicate that normal, branched and cyclic paraffins are at inversely proportional to the carbon chain length, with little absorp	osorbed from the mammalian ga	strointestinal tract	and that the absorption of n-paraffins
Acute Toxicity	✓	Carcinogenicity	\odot	
Skin Irritation/Corrosion	✓	Reproductivity	✓	
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation	0	STOT - Single Exposure	0	
Respiratory or Skin sensitisation	✓	STOT - Repeated Exposure	\odot	
Mutagenicity	0	Aspiration Hazard	\odot	

SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

T)

Toxicity

RESENE HERMAN PACIFIC WOODX	ENDPOINT	TEST DURATION (HR)	SPECIES	VALUE	SOURCE
	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available

1

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	ENDPOINT	TEST DURATION (HR)		SPECIES	VALUE		SOURCE
3-iodo-2-propynyl butyl	LC50	96		Fish	0.067m	g/L	4
carbamate	EC50	48		Crustacea	0.04mg	/L	5
	NOEC	48		Crustacea	<0.01m	g/L	4
						1	
	ENDPOINT	TEST DURATION (HR)	SPECIES			VALUE	SOURCE
iethylene glycol monomethyl	LC50	96	Fish			7500mg/L	4
ether	EC50	48	Crustacea			>500mg/L	1
	EC50	72	Algae or other	r aquatic plants		>500mg/L	1
	ENDPOINT	TEST DURATION (HR)	SPECIES		١	/ALUE	SOURCE
	EC50	72	Algae or other a	aquatic plants	=	=13mg/L	1
	NOEC	72	Algae or other a	aquatic plants	=	=0.1mg/L	1
	EC50	48	Crustacea		>	>100mg/L	1
	EC50	96	Algae or other a	aquatic plants	=	=450mg/L	1
	EC50	72	Algae or other a	aquatic plants	=	=6.5mg/L	1
	NOEC	72	Algae or other a	aquatic plants	<	<0.1mg/L	1
	LC50	96	Fish		C).00746mg/L	4
naphtha, petroleum, hydrodesulfurised heavy	EC50	48	Crustacea		C).058mg/L	4
	BCF	96	Fish		C).2mg/L	4
	NOEC	168	Crustacea		<	<=0.05mg/L	4
	LC50	96	Fish		8	3.8mg/L	4
	EC50	48	Crustacea		3	3.7mg/L	4
	EC50	72	Algae or other a	aquatic plants	-	=6.5mg/L	1
	NOEC	72	Algae or other a	aquatic plants	<	<0.1mg/L	1
	EC50	72	Algae or other a	aquatic plants	=	=6.5mg/L	1
	NOEC	72	Algae or other a			<0.1mg/L	1

Extracted from 1. IUCLID Toxicity Data 2. Europe ECHA Registered Substances - Ecotoxicological Information - Aquatic Toxicity 3. EPIWIN Suite V3.12 (QSAR) - Aquatic Toxicity Data (Estimated) 4. US EPA, Ecotox database - Aquatic Toxicity Data 5. ECETOC Aquatic Hazard Assessment Data 6. NITE (Japan) - Bioconcentration Data 7. METI (Japan) - Bioconcentration Data 8. Vendor Data

For hydrocarbons:

Environmental fate:

The lower molecular weight hydrocarbons are expected to form a 'slick' on the surface of waters after release in calm sea conditions.

DO NOT discharge into sewer or waterways.

Legend:

Persistence and degradability

Ingredient	Persistence: Water/Soil	Persistence: Air
3-iodo-2-propynyl butyl carbamate	HIGH	HIGH
diethylene glycol monomethyl ether	LOW	LOW

Bioaccumulative potential

Ingredient	Bioaccumulation	
3-iodo-2-propynyl butyl carbamate	LOW (LogKOW = 2.4542)	
diethylene glycol monomethyl ether	LOW (BCF = 0.18)	

Mobility in soil

Ingredient	Mobility
3-iodo-2-propynyl butyl carbamate	LOW (KOC = 365.3)
diethylene glycol monomethyl ether	HIGH (KOC = 1)

SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

	Legislation addressing waste disposal requirements may differ by country, state and/ or territory.
	DO NOT allow wash water from cleaning or process equipment to enter drains.
Product / Packaging disposal	 Recycle wherever possible or consult manufacturer for recycling options.
	Resene Paintwise accepts residual unwanted paint and packaging. See Resene website for Paintwise information. Or contact a Local Authority for the
	disposal information. Do not discharge the substance into the environment.

Ensure that the hazardous substance is disposed in accordance with the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Notice 2017

Disposal Requirements

Packages that have been in direct contact with the hazardous substance must be only disposed if the hazardous substance was appropriately removed and cleaned out from the package.

SECTION 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Labels Required

•	
Marine Pollutant	NO
HAZCHEM	Not Applicable

Land transport (UN): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Sea transport (IMDG-Code / GGVSee): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code

Not Applicable

SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

This substance is to be managed using the conditions specified in an applicable Group Standard

HSR Number	Group Standard	
HSR002657	Surface Coatings and Colourants (Combustible)	
3-IODO-2-PROPYNYL BUTYL CAF	RBAMATE(55406-53-6) IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING	REGULATORY LISTS
	s and New Organisms (HSNO) Act - Classification of	New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)
Chemicals		
DIETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOMET	THYL ETHER(111-77-3) IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING	G REGULATORY LISTS
	s and New Organisms (HSNO) Act - Classification of	New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)
Chemicals		
NAPHTHA, PETROLEUM, HYDRO	DESULFURISED HEAVY(64742-82-1.) IS FOUND ON TH	IE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS
International Agency for Research or	Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC	New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)
Monographs		New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards (WES)
International Air Transport Associatio Passenger and Cargo Aircraft	n (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations - Prohibited List	
New Zealand Hazardous Substances Chemicals	s and New Organisms (HSNO) Act - Classification of	

Location Test Certificate

Subject to Regulation 55 of the Hazardous Substances (Classes 1 to 5 Controls) Regulations, a location test certificate is required when quantity greater than or equal to those indicated below are present.

Hazard Class	Quantity beyond which controls apply for closed containers	Quantity beyond which controls apply when use occurring in open containers
Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable

Approved Handler

Subject to Regulation 56 of the Hazardous Substances (Classes 1 to 5 Controls) Regulations and Regulation 9 of the Hazardous Substances (Classes 6, 8, and 9 Controls) Regulations, the substance must be under the personal control of an Approved Handler when present in a quantity greater than or equal to those indicated below.

Class of substance	Quantities
Not Applicable	Not Applicable

Refer Group Standards for further information

Tracking Requirements

Not Applicable

National Inventory	Status
Australia - AICS	Y
Canada - DSL	Y
Canada - NDSL	N (diethylene glycol monomethyl ether; 3-iodo-2-propynyl butyl carbamate; naphtha, petroleum, hydrodesulfurised heavy)
China - IECSC	Y
Europe - EINEC / ELINCS / NLP	Y
Japan - ENCS	Y
Korea - KECI	Υ

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New Zealand - NZIoC	Y
Philippines - PICCS	Y
USA - TSCA	Y
Legend:	Y = All ingredients are on the inventory N = Not determined or one or more ingredients are not on the inventory and are not exempt from listing(see specific ingredients in brackets)

SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION

Revision Date	02/05/2018
Initial Date	03/05/2018

Other information

Ingredients with multiple cas numbers

Name	CAS No
naphtha, petroleum, hydrodesulfurised heavy	64742-82-1., 64741-92-0., 8052-41-3., 1030262-12-4., 8032-32-4., 8030-30-6., 64742-88-7., 64742-89-8., 8002-05-9., 61789-95-5., 64742-48-9., 101795-02-2., 8031-06-9., 8030-31-7., 50813-73-5., 54847-97-1., 121448-83-7., 8031-38-7., 8031-39-8.

Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources as well as independent review by the Chemwatch Classification committee using available literature references.

The SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment.

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